Listing of Claims:

1. - 7. (Canceled)

8. (Currently Amended) Method A method for managing radio resources in a universal mobile telecommunication system (UMTS) mobile communications network comprising a core network and a radio access network for supporting a plurality of service requests sent by user equipment to the core network, each service being specified by parameters of the core network describing a quality of service required for said service a requested service, said method comprising:

a step for mapping said quality of service parameters of the core network with quality of service parameters of the radio access network; and

a step of sending to the radio access network via the core network a radio access bearer service request comprising said quality of service parameters of the radio access network;[[,]]

wherein, characterized in that[[,]] a priority level being is defined for the requested service by a [["]] priority level[["]] sub-parameter of one of the quality of service parameters of the radio access network, said mapping step is designed to determine determining a value for said [["]] priority level[["]] sub-parameter based on using an "Allocation Retention Priority" Allocation/Retention Priority quality of service parameter of the core network and a value of at least one parameter of said quality of service parameters of the radio access network associated with the a type of service.

- 9. (Currently Amended) Method The method of claim 8, characterized in that wherein said at least one quality of service parameter of the radio access network associated with the type of service includes the a "Traffic Class" parameter.
- 10. (Currently Amended) Method The method of claim 9, characterized in that wherein said at least one quality of service parameter of the radio access network associated with the type of service further includes the a [["]]Traffic Handling Priority[["]] parameter making it possible to prioritize interactive-type services in relation to each other.
 - 11. (Currently Amended) Method The method of claim 8, further comprising: a step for pre-empting[[,]] resources at the access network level (UTRAN):[[,]] said method being characterized in that said step for pre-empting resources is implemented when at least one new radio access bearer request is received by the radio access network, in the case where there are and when one of no more additional resources are available [[or]] and if the radio resources required to satisfy the quality of service required by the requested service requested are insufficient.
- 12. (Currently Amended) Method The method of claim 8, characterized in that further comprising: said step for

pre-empting resources at the <u>a radio</u> access network level (UTRAN) is implemented when at least one request for additional <u>radio</u> resources is received[[,]] in order to respond to a change in the traffic on said <u>UMTS mobile</u> <u>communications</u> network, in the case where there are <u>and</u> when one of no more

<u>additional radio</u> resources <u>are</u> available [[or]] <u>and</u> if the radio resources required to satisfy the quality of service required by the requested service are insufficient.

13. (Currently Amended) Method The method of claim 8, characterized in that wherein, in the case where at least two when a plurality of radio access bearer services already active within the network are the a subject, respectively, of a request for additional radio resources and where the when radio resources required to satisfy said requests for additional radio resources are available, said method includes a prioritization step for the further comprises:

prioritizing allocation of radio resources[[,]] designed to determine, on the basis of the priority level associated with each of the bearer services, to determine, on a priority basis, which of the plurality of radio bearer services will be allocated the additional radio resources will be allocated, on a priority basis based on a priority level associated with each of the plurality of radio access bearer services.

14. (Currently Amended) Method The method of claim [[8]] 13, eharacterized in that wherein, in the case where when at least two when a plurality of radio access bearer services already active within the UMTS mobile communication network do not utilize the allocated radio resources that have been allocated to them in an optimal manner, said prioritization step of prioritizing further comprises is designed to reduce the reducing radio resources allocated to these the plurality of radio access bearer services already active within the UMTS mobile communication network that do not utilize the allocated radio resources in an optimal manner, in an order defined by the priority level associated with each of said the plurality of radio access bearer services.

15. (Currently Amended) Core A core network service node (SGSN, MSC) of a universal mobile telecommunication system (UMTS) mobile communications network comprising a core network and a radio access network, eapable of receiving the core network service node being configured to receive a plurality of service requests sent by user equipment to the core network, each service being specified by parameters of the core network describing a quality of service required for said a requested service requested, said service node comprising:

means for mapping said quality of service parameters of the core network with quality of service parameters of the radio access network; and

means of <u>for</u> sending to the <u>radio</u> access network a radio access bearer service request comprising said quality of service parameters of the radio access network;

wherein, characterized in that[[,]] a priority level being is defined for the requested service by a [["]]priority level[["]] sub-parameter of one of the quality of service parameters of the radio access network, said mapping means are capable of determining determine a value for said [["]]priority level[["]] sub-parameter using based on an [["]] Allocation Retention

Priority[["]]Allocation/Retention Priority quality of service parameter of the core network and a value of at least one parameter of said quality of service parameters of the radio access network associated with the a type of service.

16. (Currently Amended) Radio A radio access network controller (RNC) of a <u>universal</u> mobile telecommunication system (UMTS) mobile communications network comprising a core network and a radio access network, <u>capable of receiving the RNC being configured to receive</u> a

plurality of radio access bearer requests sent by the core network in response to a plurality of service requests by users, said <u>RNC</u> controller comprising:

means for pre-empting radio bearer service resources based on a priority level associated with each of said radio access bearer service; services[[,]]

wherein eharacterized in that said priority level of [[a]] the each radio

access bearer service is defined by a value of a [["]]priority level[["]] sub
parameter of one of the quality of service parameters of the radio access network,

using based on a value of the an [["]]Allocation Retention Priority[["]]

Allocation/Retention Priority quality of service parameter of the core network and
a value of at least one parameter of the quality of service parameters of the radio

access network associated with the a type of service.

- 17. (Currently Amended) Radio The access network controller (RNC) of claim 16, eharacterized in that wherein the means for pre-empting radio bearer service resources are implemented when at least one new radio access bearer service request is received, in the case where there are and when one of no more additional radio resources are available [[or]] and if the radio resources required to satisfy the quality of service required by the a requested service of the plurality of service requests are insufficient.
- 18. (Currently Amended) Radio The radio access network controller (RNC) as claimed in claim 16, characterized in that wherein the means for pre-empting resources are implemented when at least one request for additional resources is received in order to respond to a change in the traffic on said UMTS mobile communications network, in the case where there are and when one of no more additional radio resources are available [[or]] and if the radio resources required

to satisfy the quality of service required by the <u>a</u> requested service <u>of the plurality of service</u> requests are insufficient.

- 19. (Currently Amended) Radio The radio access network controller (RNC) as claimed in claim 16, characterized in that it includes further comprising, in the case where at least two when a plurality of radio access bearer services already active within the network are the a subject, respectively, of a request for additional radio resources and where when the resources required to satisfy said requests for additional radio resources are available, prioritization means for the allocation of resources capable of determining, based on the priority level associated with each of the bearer services [[,]] configured to determine on a priority basis, which of said the each radio bearer service will be allocated the additional radio resources will be allocated, on a priority basis based on a priority level associated with each of the plurality of radio bearer services.
- 20. (Currently Amended) Radio The radio access network controller (RNC) as claimed in claim 16, characterized in that it includes further comprising, in the case where at least two when a plurality of radio access bearer services already active within the network do not utilize the allocated resources that have been allocated to them in an optimal manner, means for reducing the resources allocated to these each of the plurality of radio bearer services[[,]] in an order defined by the a priority level associated with each of said plurality of radio bearer services.